

Edition 2.1 2020-02 CONSOLIDATED VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Communication networks and systems for power utility automation – Part 9-2: Specific communication service mapping (SCSM) – Sampled values over ISO/IEC 8802-3

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 33.200 ISBN 978-2-8322-7886-4

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

FOREW	/ORD	4
INTRO	DUCTION	6
1 Sc	ope	7
2 No	rmative references	7
3 Te	rms and definitions	9
5.1	Overview of the protocol usage	
5.2	Client/server services and communication profiles	
5.3	SV service and communication profile	
5.3	·	
5.3		
5.3	3.3 T-Profile	12
5.4	Restrictions	15
6 Ma	pping of IEC 61850-7-2 and IEC 61850-7-3 data attributes	15
7 Ma	pping of IEC 61850-7-2 classes and services	15
7.1	Classes of SV data sets	15
7.2	Definition of SV data sets	16
8 Ma	pping of the model for the transmission of sampled values	16
8.1 Overview		16
8.2	Mapping of the multicast sampled value control block class and services	16
8.2	Multicast sampled value control block definition	16
8.2		
8.3	Mapping of the unicast sampled value control block class and services	
8.4	Mapping of the update of the sampled value buffer	
8.5	Additional definitions for the transmission of sampled values	
8.5	, ,	
8.5	,	
8.6	Definitions for basic data types – Presentation layer functionality	
	nchronization	
	nformance	
10.1	Notation	
10.2	PICS	
	2.1 Profile conformance	
_	2.2 SV Services	
	bstation configuration language (SCL)	
	SM specific address element definitions	∠0
	A (informative) ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 frame format and ASN.1 basic encoding	27
A.1	ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 frame format	
A. 1 A.2	ASN.1 basic encoding rules (BER)	
A.2 A.3	Example for an ASN.1 coded APDU frame structure	
	3 (informative) Multicast address selection	
,OA L	(e.inelite) manipust addition to the control in	52

Annex C (normative) Compatibility of the different revisions of this standard	33	
C.1 General		
C.2 Compatibility rules for IEC 61850-9-2		
C.3 Other modifications to consider for backward / forward compatibility		
C.3.1 Deferral of Physical Layer specification		
C.3.2 Adding new optional fields in frame		
C.3.3 Adding time synchronization specifications		
C.3.5 Changing attribute values		
F: 4 001 f	4.4	
Figure 1 – OSI reference model and profiles		
Figure 2 – Structure of the tag header		
Figure 3 – Reserved 1		
Figure 4 – Concatenation of several ASDU's into one frame		
Figure A.1 – ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 frame format – No link redundancy		
Figure A.2 – ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 frame format – Link redundancy: HSR		
Figure A.3 – ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 frame format – Link redundancy: PRP		
Figure A.4 – Basic encoding rules format	30	
Figure A.5 – Format of the tag octets		
Figure A.6 – Example for an ASN.1 coded APDU frame structure	31	
Table 4 – Service requiring SV communication profile	11	
Table 5 – Service and protocols for SV communication A-Profile	12	
Table 6 – SV T-Profile	12	
Table 7 – Default Virtual LAN IDs and priorities	13	
Table 8 – Assigned Ethertype values		
Table 9 – MMS TypeDescription definition for MSVCB MMS structure		
Table 10 – PhyComAddr structure	18	
Table 20 – Mapping of OptFlds within Bitstring	18	
Table 11 – Mapping of multicast sampled value services	18	
Table 14 – Encoding for the transmission of the sampled value buffer	20	
Table 15 – Encoding for the basic data types		
Table 21 – Mapping for IEC 61850-7-2 quality	23	
Table 16 – PICS for A-Profile support		
Table 17 – PICS for T-Profile support		
Table 18 – SV conformance statement		
Table 19 – Definitions for SV SCL		
Table B 1 – Recommended multicast addressing example	32	

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMUNICATION NETWORKS AND SYSTEMS FOR POWER UTILITY AUTOMATION –

Part 9-2: Specific communication service mapping (SCSM) – Sampled values over ISO/IEC 8802-3

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This consolidated version of the official IEC Standard and its amendment has been prepared for user convenience.

IEC 61850-9-2 edition 2.1 contains the second edition (2011-09) [documents 57/1133/ FDIS and 57/1161/RVD] and its amendment 1 (2020-02) [documents 57/2112/FDIS and 57/2135/RVD].

IEC 61850-9-2:2011+AMD1:2020 CSV - 5 - © IEC 2020

International Standard IEC 61850-9-2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 57: Power systems management and associated information exchange.

Compared to the second edition, this first revision of the second edition:

- a) updates the normative references
- b) adds a synchronization clause (Clause 9); adds references to IEC 61588:2009 and IEC/IEEE 61850-9-3 for SV synchronization;
- c) modifies physical layer specification in T-Profile;
- d) modifies MSVCB components (Table 9 and Table 10);
- e) deprecates usage of USVCB;
- f) modifies encoding for the transmission of the sampled value buffer (Table 14);
- q) adds Table 20;
- h) adds Table 21;
- i) adds Annex C related to possible backward compatibility issues between revisions of this standard:
- j) provides clarifications and corrections to the second edition of IEC 61850-9-2, based on the tissues = { 1349, 1272, 1055, 944, 863 }.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61850 series, under the general title: Communication networks and systems for power utility automation, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61850 defines the SCSM for sampled values over ISO/IEC 8802-3. The intent of this SCSM definition is to include the complete mapping of the sampled value model.

This part of IEC 61850 applies to all electronic sensors related to process measurements of the T logical node group having a digital sampled value output stream such as current and voltage transformers, merging units, or devices acting as T group publishers as well as subscribing intelligent electronic devices, for example protection units, bay controllers and meters.

Process bus communication structures can be arranged in different ways as described in IEC TR 61850-1. In addition to the transmission of sampled value data sets, which are directly connected to ISO/IEC 8802-3, a selection of IEC 61850-8-1 services is necessary to support the access to the SV control block. References to the relevant IEC 61850-8-1 services are provided in this SCSM. For less complex devices (for example merging units), the sampled value control block can be pre-configured, in which case there is no need to implement IEC 61850-8-1 services based on the MMS-Stack.

This document defines the mapping of sampled value class model (IEC 61850-7-2) to ISO/IEC 8802-3. This SCSM, in combination with IEC 61850-7 and IEC 61850-6, allows interoperability between devices from different manufacturers.

This standard does not specify individual implementations or products, nor does it constrain the implementation of entities and interfaces within a computer system. This standard specifies the externally visible functionality of implementations together with conformance requirements for such functionalities.

Reading guide:

- This document is an extended mapping specification of IEC 61850-8-1 to cover sampled value transmission over ISO/IEC 8802-3.
- This document can best be understood if the reader is thoroughly familiar with IEC 61850-7-1, IEC 61850-7-2, IEC 61850-7-3 and IEC 61850-7-4.
- The ACSI services defined in IEC 61850-7-2 are not explained in this part of IEC 61850.

COMMUNICATION NETWORKS AND SYSTEMS FOR POWER UTILITY AUTOMATION –

Part 9-2: Specific communication service mapping (SCSM) – Sampled values over ISO/IEC 8802-3

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61850 defines the specific communication service mapping (SCSM) for the transmission of sampled values according to the abstract specification in IEC 61850-7-2. The mapping is that of the abstract model on a mixed stack using direct access to an ISO/IEC 8802-3 link for the transmission of the samples in combination with IEC 61850-8-1.

Each SCSM consists of three parts:

- a specification of the communication stack being used,
- the mapping of the abstract specifications of IEC 61850-7 series on the real elements of the stack being used, and
- the implementation specification of functionality, which is not covered by the stack being used.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61588:2009, Precision clock synchronization protocol for networked measurement and control systems

IEC TS 61850-2, Communication networks and systems in substations – Part 2: Glossary

IEC 61850-6, Communication networks and systems for power utility automation – Part 6: Configuration description language for communication in electrical substations related to IEDs

IEC 61850-7-2, Communication networks and systems for power utility automation – Part 7-2: Basic information and communication structure – Abstract communication service interface (ACSI)

IEC 61850-7-3, Communication networks and systems for power utility automation – Part 7-3: Basic communication structure – Common data classes

IEC 61850-8-1, Communication networks and systems for power utility automation – Part 8-1: Specific communication service mapping (SCSM) – Mappings to MMS (ISO 9506-1 and ISO 9506-2) and to ISO/IEC 8802-3

IEC/IEEE 61850-9-3, Communication networks and systems for power utility automation – Part 9-3: Precision Time Protocol profile for power utility automation

IEC TR 61850-90-4, Communication networks and systems for power utility automation – Part 90-4: Network engineering guidelines

IEC 62351-61, Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 6: Security for IEC 61850

IEC 62439-3:2016, Industrial communication networks – High availability automation networks – Part 3: Parallel Redundancy Protocol (PRP) and High-availability Seamless Redundancy (HSR)

ISO/IEC 8326:1996, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Session service definition

ISO/IEC 8327-1:1996, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Connection-oriented session protocols: Protocol specification

ISO/IEC 8649:1996, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Service definition for the Associated Control Service Element

ISO/IEC 8650-1:1996, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Connection-oriented protocol for the Association Control Service Element: Protocol specification

ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3, Standard for Ethernet

ISO/IEC 8822:1994, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Presentation service definition

ISO/IEC 8823-1:1994, Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Connection-oriented presentation protocol: Protocol specification

ISO/IEC 8824-1:2008, Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN. 1): Specification of basic notation

ISO/IEC 8825-1, Information technology – ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER)

ISO 4217:2015, Code for the representation of currencies

ISO 9506-1:2003, Industrial automation systems – Manufacturing Message Specification – Part 1: Service definition

ISO 9506-2:2003, Industrial automation systems – Manufacturing Message Specification – Part 2: Protocol specification

IEEE 754:1985, IEEE Standard for Binary Floating-Point Arithmetic

IEEE 802.1Q:1998, IEEE Standards for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks

¹ Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: IEC/PRVC 62351-6:2020.

IEC 61850-9-2:2011+AMD1:2020 CSV - 9 - © IEC 2020

RFC 791, Internet Protocol; IETF, available at http://www.ietf.orgRFC 792, Internet Control Message Protocol; IETF, available at http://www.ietf.org

RFC 793, Transmission Control Procedure; IETF, available at http://www.ietf.org

RFC 826, Ethernet Address Resolution Protocol or Converting Network Protocol Addresses to 48.bit Ethernet Address for Transmission on Ethernet Hardware; IETF, available at http://www.ietf.org

RFC 894, A Standard for the Transmission of IP Datagrams over Ethernet Networks; IETF, available at http://www.ietf.org

RFC 919, Broadcasting Internet Datagrams; IETF, available at http://www.ietf.org

RFC 1006, ISO transport services on top of TCP: Version 3; IETF, available at http://www.ietf.org

RFC 1112, Host Extensions for IP multicasting; IETF, available at http://www.ietf.org

RFC 2460, Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification, IETF, available at http://www.ietf.org